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## REVIEW

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## BRITISH NATION.

Saturday, April 17. 1708.

ND now, Gentlemen, the Affair in Scotland, I mean as to the French Parr, I hope is pretty well over, and I dare fay, they will not think of that Work again in hafte—And this I take for the first Article in this Summers Work, and I hope, may be an Introduction to the rest of the Campaign.

Shall we now look round us a little, and fee, what Part of the publick Affairs are just now upon the Anvil, either Abroad or

at Home

And first to look abroad; All Things are preparing for opening the Campaign, the French are expeding your utmost Efforts in the Netherlands; they are aware of the Defigua of your pushing them heartily in Flanders, they are disappointed in the Diversion

they expected their Caledonian Enterprize would have been to us; they know, the Enterview between two fuch Generals as Prince Engane and the Dube of Marlborngh is not on a flight Occasion; and for this Reason they have made great Detachments from the Upper Rhine to Flanders, almost 20000; Men have stopt, as we are told, the Troops they were sending from Danhim to Catalognia, and have order'd them down to the Rhine to supply the Room of those sens from thence—And thus they prepare to add desensively in all Places; but in Spain, they push at us with all their Might, and indeed their Politicks but too plainly appear in it; for here we are not is a Proportion to our other Strengths, able to meet them; and I cannot say, our Prospect on that Side

is equally promising as in Flanders, on the

Rbine, and the Mofelle.

From them let us look to our own Affairs; In Holland you have the Duke of Our borough and Prioce Eugene met in Congress, to determine what Course to fleer in this great Voyage of the War; what Measures they agree on, are also concerted with and digested by the Elector, Duke of Hannover: As these are the three greatest Generals of this Age, and their Essorts for this general Cause have always been extraordinary, it cannot be supposed, that they

meet here upon Trifles.

It looks a little pleafantly to me to fee Prince Eugena, one of the greatest Men of Arms in the World, to find loose as it were, and out of Commands no Body knows where to look for him, or where he is to command. It is plain he is not out of the Councils of Europe, nor will he be out of the Field; but where thall we find him? Let us examine a little; On the Rhine it cannot be, the Elector of Brunfwick is embark'd there; in Flanders it cannot be, the Duke of Marlborough supplies that Part; in Savoy there is no Sign it, all Things look too backward there; there must then be some cfole Design, some secret Contrivance, to let this Prince with an Army Brop as it were out of the Clouds, and forming himself, on a fuddain flow his Face where he is leaft ex-

This, I know, Prople suspect to be on the Moselle, from whence some Irruption into France is expected——— I must confest, it is the most effectual Method to make all this Forces of France retire, like the Blood to the Heart, and one Blow near Home would immediately cause them to abandon remote Conquests, and say to defend the Center—But I am not convinced of the Feazisteness of the Thing, unless they can be pushed upon a Battle ; if that could be done, I see no Ground to doubt of Vistory, from both the Superiority of Troops, and of the Quality of either Side, in which I think, it is no Vanity to pretend to out-

do them.

Bot O this Spanish Affair, I confess it hurts me, when I speak of it—If some Coup &

Eclar in Flanders does not happen, and happen early too, we cannot look for a great Deal of good News on that Side, till Time gives us Leave to fend over farther Affistance.

I doubt not, but Measures are taking to supply them, and nothing gives me Apprehensions so much, as the Advantage the French have in Scituation, which in Point of Time quite anticipates us; if the French do their utmost this forward Season of the Year, without doubt they have too much Opportunity; but if they fail to carry their Point early, the latter Campaign may make us Amends upon them.

I do not therefore give Portugue over for lost, as I confess I once did, and some People do fill; if he Portuguese defend themselves but with any tollerable Activity, and with the least Proportion of Success, till Forces can be sent to support them.

Indeed we are expeding great Things to be done by the French, who now attack the Confederates with three Armies on that fide, and promife themselves entirely to disposles King Charles, and we ought indeed to expect the worst; but King Charles has a pretty good Army, and has more Supplies at hand, and we are not quite out of Hopes that he shall defend himself, till he may be enabled to look them in the Face, and in his Turn push them to their former Retreat.

Thus fland our Affairs abroad, while the Eyes of all Europe are fix'd upon the Confutations at the Hague, and eagerly expecting the Islues of such a Meeting as this is; if it issues in bringing Prince Eugen to command a separate Army in Handers or on the Moselle, I shall, I confess, have greater Expectations from it, than ever I had from the Project of Thoulon, of which I must own, I never saw any great Probability of Success.

But all this must be left to Time and Providence; I shall is my next look Home, and examine the State of Affairs there, upon the Conclusion of the Parliament, and the approaching View of a new Election; in which I doubt, I shall shew you many a

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melanchelly Profiped, and have Cicchia to and improving to your Advantage; if you tell you many an ill-natured Story; which I please but to put on some of your Special hope, however to assist you in correcting cless and look about you.

## MISCELLANEA

HB Town has fo often amus'd it felf, if I may prop thy fo call it, with the Chymera of the Pretender's being taken, that I cannot but make a little merry with the Nution in general about it, let the fe-

rious Part alone to speak it leff.

And first to you Gentlemen that are fully policifed with an Opinion, it's no Matter how grounded, whether well or ill, that we have carch'd the young Gudgeon on our Angle, and that he is politively on Board the Sulisbury. Well, Gentlemen, and what would you have done with him now, can you would ask me my Opinion, I shall give it you ashaft; but firft let me give you a short Dialogue between two Won'd-le-Statesmen on this Head, as I met with it in common Conversation A. met with B. at a Country Coffee House, when this Doubt was first stated in publick, and began thus with hims.

A. Well, Neighbour B. do you hear the good News from the North ?

B. What News, are the French beaten? A. As good, for they are fled, and-have

left the best of their Cargo behind them. B What do you mean, the Prince of Wales? I know there is a Talk of it, but I do not believe a Word of it.

A. I cannot help that, I believe it, and

am very glad to hear it-

B. First of all I do not believe it; and Secondly if I did, I do not know whether I Gould be glad of it or no.

A. Why not glad of it? I am fure you ane no facobite, would it not put an End to

all our Troubles?

B. No not at all, it would rather encrease them; for we all know, be has a Sifter, whether pretended or not we will not dif-

onte; and if he be gone, the little is preferv d in the Sifter, Whe, if the Preuch King pleafes. to match her to his Grandson, the Duke of Berry, traesposes the Claim to the House of Bourbon, and forthe French King entails a latting Precence to the Crown of England in his own Family.

I do not value their Claim a Barthing.

fo his Head were but off.

B. But I am at a Dhubt again there.

A. What Doubt can there be in that,

B. Why my Doubt is, what we hall dowith him if we had him ; and therefore as: I faid, I know not whether to wish or doobe. as to his being taken-

A: Dowith bim! Why fend him where most K-s go, is he not accounted by Parliament, and dead in Law, the Law must

be executed, Curres Len.

B. But which way to fend him is the doubt with me, I am for his being fent as well as.

A. Why Are, or Halter, or any think. let him choose for himself, what do your

question about it it

B. Why. Neighboor, I sm not fet fod in that, and my Duebts are upon this Pon-dation—If you cut off his Head, to me it: feems, as if you own d the Dignity of his: Birth, and confequently his Right of Blood and to put the Queen allo upon a Necessty to cut off her own Brother is on the other hand, if you have bim, you feem to deter-mice his Birthas spurious, without being: able to prove it; these Things, I owe, hoch me, and make me very doubtfuf in the Cafe.

A. Well, well; firft let me be but lure we have him, 1'll find you out an Expedient for

B. I am not very follicitonsabout that, had rather best him then take him

A. Why there is no Doubt we have beaten them, that is, we have disappointed their Enterprize, and fent them Home without bringing it to pass, that is beating him in my Opinion enough.

B. Ay, ay, we have beaten them off, let the French King make another Attempt

when he pleases.

A. Not so hasty for that neither; I never defire to have any more Attempts made upon us, I affure you, let us give GOD Thanks we are clear of this, and put our selves in a Posture not to sear it again.

B. Ay Neighbour, that is a difficult Point to p, on the other hand; it is impossible to put Scotland in a State of Defence without one of two Inconveniencies, either of which are too great for us to bear with.

A. Pray, what are they?

. B. One is a flanding Army, and the Other is arming the Presbyterians.

A. Are you at a Loss which of these two

to choose?

B. Indeed am I.

A. I shall bring your Judgement to rights in that Case hereafter, but at present I cannot stay. Farewel.

And thus, Gentlemen, you fee something of the vulgar Opinion of Things; I do not tell you, my Opinion is the same Way-But I think verily, had the Pretender been taken, you could not have done the King of France a greater Prejudice, than to have fent him Home again to him, for it would effectually puzzle their Measures on several Accounts. 1. As it effectually prevents his Treating of Peace, but under the particular Mortifications of retracting his fetting up his Title, and owning the Queen, to whom he has offer'd the greatest Affcont possible. 2. As it prevents the known Project of referving a Claim in the House of Bourbon to the Crown of England.

As to the Article of securing Scotland, erming Presbyterians, &c. I shall speak of it

particularly hereafter.

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